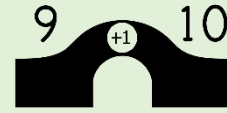


Bridge to 10

Addition



Bridging to 10 helps us add. For example...

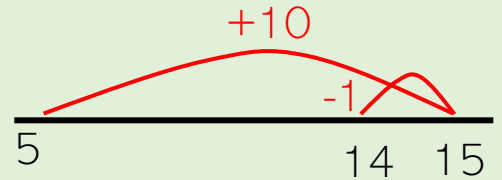
$$9 + 5$$

We can **add 1** to 9 to make 10 (because 10 is easier to add).

$$10 + 5 = 15$$

Then we must **adjust** our answer by **subtracting 1**.

$$15 - 1 = 14$$



1. Bridge from 9. Remember to adjust your answer by **subtracting 1**.

a. $6 + 9 = \underline{\quad}$

b. $9 + 14 = \underline{\quad}$

c. $9 + 4 = \underline{\quad}$

d. $9 + 13 = \underline{\quad}$

e. $9 + 8 = \underline{\quad}$

f. $15 + 9 = \underline{\quad}$

g. $7 + 9 = \underline{\quad}$

h. $9 + 24 = \underline{\quad}$

2. Bridge from 8. Remember to adjust your answer by **subtracting 2**.

a. $8 + 5 = \underline{\quad}$

b. $8 + 16 = \underline{\quad}$

c. $8 + 7 = \underline{\quad}$

d. $14 + 8 = \underline{\quad}$

e. $6 + 8 = \underline{\quad}$

f. $8 + 25 = \underline{\quad}$

g. $8 + 15 = \underline{\quad}$

h. $36 + 8 = \underline{\quad}$

3. Choose two sums above and show how you used **Bridge to 10** on a number line.

$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$

$\underline{\quad} + \underline{\quad} = \underline{\quad}$