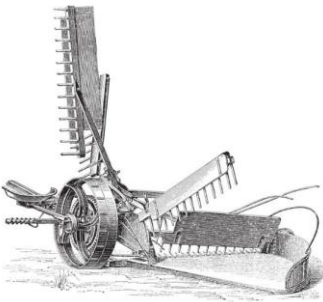


The Industrial Revolution

Use the words below to complete the passage about the Industrial Revolution.

fewer	clothing	countryside	factories	greater	rural
machinery	invented	change	jobs	population	cities

The Industrial Revolution began in Great Britain during the middle of the 18th century. It was a period of great _____. Prior to the Industrial Revolution, goods were produced in small workshops or homes. Most people in Britain lived in _____ areas, working as farmers or craftspeople.



A reaping machine

During this period, there was an introduction of _____ to farms.

Because of this, farms began to produce a _____ amount of food and other crops. The increased use of machines on farms also meant that _____ people were needed for farming jobs.

Due to an increase in the amount of food and other resources, the _____ started to rise in the late 18th century. This resulted in an increase in the demand for goods such as textiles and _____.

New machines in other industries were also _____, allowing more goods to be produced more quickly than ever before. _____ were needed in which to operate these machines. Workers who

crafted such goods by hand could not produce goods quickly enough. It was impossible for them to compete against the factories who could produce goods much quicker and more cheaply. Many people were left without _____. Consequently, many people left the _____ and moved to _____ in search of work in one of the many new factories that had been built.

The population of these cities grew extremely quickly.

W	L	A	B	O	R	F	S	B	S	
B	R	I	T	A	I	N	E	F	V	S
V	T	A	Q	Q	E	P	M	S	N	D
C	T	B	X	W	T	U	B	O	W	A
Y	R	U	R	A	L	O	I	N	O	N
D	D	G	H	R	J	T	M	E	R	G
F	S	Y	D	B	N	U	L	W	K	E
V	C	W	Q	E	W	P	X	U	E	R
K	C	M	V	J	O	I	Z	I	R	O
W	M	N	J	E	M	G	T	M	S	U
N	I	N	P	F	H	X	G	Q	X	S

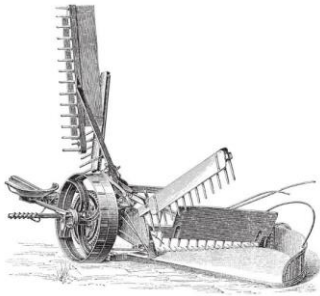
workers people labour
 dangerous Britain jobs
 rural inventions

The Industrial Revolution **Answers**

Use the words below to complete the passage about the Industrial Revolution.

fewer	clothing	countryside	factories	greater	rural
machinery	invented	change	jobs	population	cities

The Industrial Revolution began in Great Britain during the middle of the 18th century. It was a period of great **change**. Prior to the Industrial Revolution, goods were produced in small workshops or homes. Most people in Britain lived in **rural** areas, working as farmers or craftspeople.



A reaping machine

During this period, there was an introduction of **machinery** to farms. Because of this, farms began to produce a **greater** amount of food and other crops. The increased use of machines on farms also meant that **fewer** people were needed for farming jobs.

Due to an increase in the amount of food and other resources, the **population** started to rise in the late 18th century. This resulted in an increase in the demand for goods such as textiles and **clothing**.

New machines in other industries were also **invented**, allowing more goods to be produced more quickly than ever before. **Factories** were needed in which to operate these machines. Workers who crafted such goods by hand could not produce goods quickly enough. It was impossible for them to compete against the factories who could produce goods much quicker and more cheaply. Many people were left without **jobs**.

Consequently, many people left the **countryside** and moved to **cities** in search of work in one of the many new factories that had been built. The population of these cities grew extremely quickly.

